# Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123 Oak Lawn, Illinois

Annual Financial Report June 30, 2019



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RSM US LLP

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of the Board of Education Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-10), schedules of net pension liability and proportionate share of net pension liability and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities, District's contributions, and budgetary comparison information and related note (pages 51-59) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, such as the combining and individual fund financial statements, schedule of property tax rates, extensions and collections, and schedule of debt service requirements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois December 3, 2019





# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The discussion and analysis of Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceed its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$17.6 million.
- In total, net position increased by \$3.0 million.
- General revenues were \$43.9 million or 66.4 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services and grants, were \$22.2 million or 33.6 percent of total revenues of \$65.7 million.
- Overall, the combined revenues of the District's governmental funds were \$2.1 million more than
  expenditures. The District's governmental funds' combined fund balance increased to \$21.4
  million from \$19.3 million in the prior year. Of the year-end balance, \$12.9 million is available for
  spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

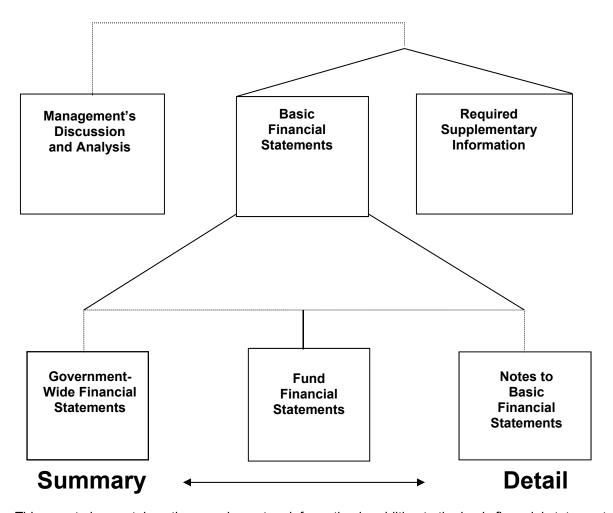
# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

Figure 1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure 1
Organization of Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123 Annual Financial Report



This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all District assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported when revenue is earned and expenses are incurred. Additionally, activity related to the acquisition, depreciation and year-end balances of capital assets, as well as year-end balances and related changes in long-term debt, are reported.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The government-wide financial statements present the District functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activities; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services (regular education, special education and other), supporting services, community services and non-programmed charges.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the District funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds (the District maintains no proprietary funds).

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's pension plans, postemployment healthcare plan, and budgetary comparison information.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

**Net position**. The District's net position increased by 14.6 percent compared to the prior year. At yearend, total net position was \$(17.6) million (see Table 1).

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. However, several events of the last year stand out:

- Total assets decreased by \$0.2 million in the current year.
- Deferred outflows increased by \$0.9 million in the current year.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$3.7 million in the current year.
- Deferred inflows increased by \$1.4 million in the current year.

Table 1 Condensed Statemen (in millions of dollars		sition
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current assets Noncurrent assets Total assets	\$42.6 39.4 82.0	\$41.3 <u>40.9</u> <u>82.2</u>
Deferred outflows	5.0	<u>4.1</u>
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	10.4 70.0 80.4	10.5 <u>73.6</u> <u>84.1</u>
Deferred inflows	24.2	22.8
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	22.9 3.5 <u>(44.0)</u> \$(17.6)	22.4 3.8 (46.8) \$(20.6)

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 2		
Changes in Net Position (in millions of dollars)		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues: Program revenues: Charges for services	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.0
Operating grants and contributions	20.2	21.5
General revenues: Taxes General state aid Other Total revenues	36.6 6.4 0.9 66.1	34.5 6.1 0.2 64.3
Expenses: Instruction Support services Payments to other governments Other Total expenses	42.2 15.6 1.6 <u>3.7</u> 63.1	43.5 15.7 1.5 <u>4.2</u> 64.9
Change in net position	3.0	(0.6)
Net Position – Beginning	(20.6)	(20.0)
Net Position – Ending	<u>\$(17.6)</u>	\$ (20.6)

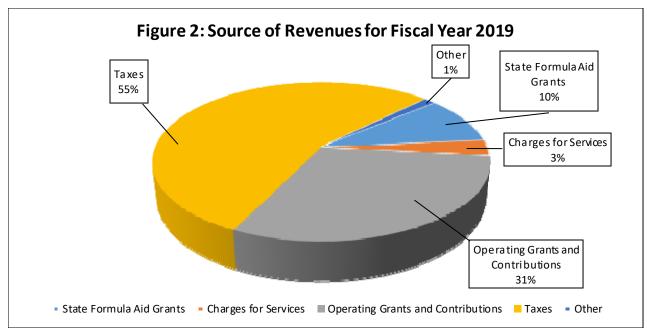
**Changes in net position**. The District's total revenues were \$66.1 million. Taxes and general state aid were 65.1 percent of the total or \$43.0 million (see Figure 2).

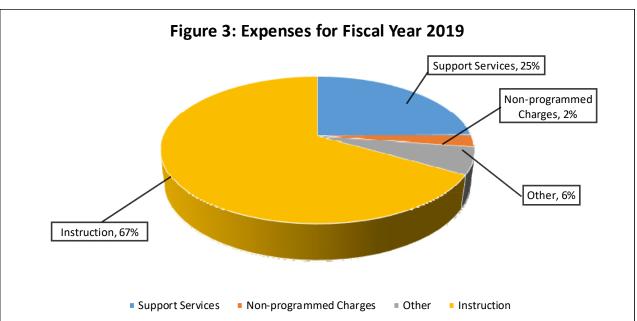
State and federal aid for specific programs brought in an additional \$20.2 million of the total revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$63.1 million. The District's expenses are predominantly related to instruction and support services (caring for and transportation of students, etc.). These expenses accounted for 91.6 percent of the total (see Figure 3). The District's other activities were 8.4 percent of total costs.

Total revenues exceeded expenses, increasing net position by \$3.0 million over last year.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019





# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$21.4 million. Revenues for the District's governmental funds were \$59.7 million, while total expenditures were \$57.6 million.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

While the District's budget for the General Fund anticipated that the fund have a surplus of \$0.9 million, the actual result for the year was a surplus of \$1.9 million. Higher than anticipated property taxes were received during fiscal year 2019.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

## Capital Assets

By the end of 2019, the District had invested \$76.1 million (before accumulated depreciation of \$36.7 million) in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings (both school and administration facilities), equipment (computer, audio-visual, transportation and maintenance equipment, and furniture), and land and improvements. (See Table 3.) (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.)

Depreciation expense for the year was \$1.8 million. Additions to land improvements, building and improvements, and equipment (including transfers from construction in progress) approximated \$0.1 million.

Table 3				
Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)				
				Total
				Percentage
	 2019		2018	Change
Land	\$ 4.8	\$	4.8	0.0%
Land improvements	0.8		0.9	(11.1)%
Building and improvements	32.3	,	33.5	(3.6)%
Equipment	1.5	)	1.8	(16.7)%
TOTAL	\$ 39.4	. \$	41.0	(3.9)%
	·	·-		_

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## Long-Term Obligations

At year-end, the District had \$41.7 million in general obligation bonds and other long-term obligations outstanding, as shown in Table 4. (More detailed information about the District's long-term obligations is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.)

Table 4					
Outstanding Long-Term Obligations (in millions of dollars)					
					Total
					Percentage
		2019		2018	Change
General obligation bonds	\$	9.4	\$	10.8	11.5%
Capital appreciation bonds	•	32.3	•	33.8	2.3%
Capital lease payable		1.0		1.3	18.2%
Compensated absences		0.1		0.1	0.0%
TOTAL	\$	42.8	\$	46.0	4.9%
				•	-

 The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 6.9 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's limits. Outstanding debt is significantly below the current limit of \$47.6 million.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstance that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- Legislation regarding pension liability cost shift
- Legislation regarding property tax freezes
- Legislation regarding school district consolidation

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Business Manager, Oak Lawn-Hometown Middle School District 123 Administrative Center, 4201 West 93<sup>rd</sup> Street, Oak Lawn, Illinois 60453.



Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

# Statement of Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 23,890,297	
Receivables:		
Property taxes, net	17,530,326	
Intergovernmental	1,217,145	
Total current assets	42,637,768	
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,755,000	
Capital assets being depreciated, net	34,599,211	
Total noncurrent assets	39,354,211	
Total assets	81,991,979	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred loss on refundings	1,091,383	
Pension-related adjustments - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	1,966,909	
Pension-related adjustments - Teachers' Retirement System	519,009	
OPEB-related adjustments - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	1,130,121	
OPEB-related adjustments - District Plan	294,145	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,001,567	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 86,993,546	

(Continued)

# Statement of Net Position (Deficit) (Continued) June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 318,209
Accrued interest	58,246
Accrued liabilities	3,059,634
General obligation bonds	1,405,000
Capital appreciation bonds	5,155,000
Capital lease payable	334,423
Compensated absences	55,469
Total current liabilities	10,385,981
Long-term obligations, net of current maturities:	
Unamortized premium on bonds	3,566,911
General obligation bonds	8,020,000
Capital appreciation bonds	27,125,264
Capital lease payable	629,269
Other post employment benefits - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	23,173,679
Other post employment benefits - District Plan	1,561,828
Net pension liability - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	3,618,391
Net pension liability - Teachers' Retirement System	2,263,719
Compensated absences	73,681
Total long-term liabilities	70,032,742
Total liabilities	80,418,723
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension-related adjustments - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	37,424
Pension-related adjustments - Teachers' Retirement System	1,882,237
OPEB-related adjustments - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	4,170,884
OPEB-related adjustments - District Plan	291,843
Deferred revenue	17,794,074
Total deferred inflows of resources	24,176,462
Net Position (Deficit)	
Net investment in capital assets	22,931,315
Restricted for:	
Tort immunity	395,011
Retirement benefits	598,684
Transportation	2,507,928
Unrestricted (deficit)	(44,034,577)
Total net position (deficit)	(17,601,639)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (deficit)	\$ 86,993,546

See notes to basic financial statements.

# Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30, 2019				n Revenues Operating Grants and	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:		Ехропосо	CCIVIOCO	Contributions	7101111100
Instruction:					
Regular programs	\$	35,022,422	\$ 1,054,444	\$ 16,179,458	\$ (17,788,520)
Special programs		5,350,119	-	669,586	(4,680,533)
Other instructional programs		1,796,276	-	1,620,347	(175,929)
Support services:					
Pupils		3,258,492	-	-	(3,258,492)
Instructional staff		2,133,310	-	60,938	(2,072,372)
General administration		1,115,514	-	-	(1,115,514)
School administration		1,792,428	-	-	(1,792,428)
Business		1,869,929	-	506,107	(1,363,822)
Transportation		2,135,993	-	1,146,343	(989,650)
Operations and maintenance		3,230,347	983,383	-	(2,246,964)
Central		109,849	-	-	(109,849)
Community services		103,200	-	-	(103,200)
Payments to other governments		1,628,895	-	-	(1,628,895)
Debt service:					
Interest and fees		3,589,513	-	-	(3,589,513)
Total governmental activities	\$	63,136,287	\$ 2,037,827	\$ 20,182,779	(40,915,681)
General revenues: Taxes:					
Real estate taxe	es				36,134,706
Corporate prope	erty re	eplacement taxe	es		430,977
Evidence based for					6,428,220
Interest					892,510
Total general reven	ues				43,886,413
Change in net p		n			2,970,732
Net position (deficit): July 1, 2018					(20,572,371)
June 30, 2019					\$ (17,601,639)

See notes to basic financial statements.



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major	Funds		
		Debt	_ Nonmajor	Total
	General	Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 15,877,339	\$ 4,368,057	\$ 3,644,901	\$ 23,890,297
Receivables:				
Property taxes, net	13,389,364	3,432,964	707,998	17,530,326
Intergovernmental	937,927	-	279,218	1,217,145
Due from other funds	4,743	-	-	4,743
Total assets	\$ 30,209,373	\$ 7,801,021	\$ 4,632,117	\$ 42,642,511
Liabilities				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 220,785	\$ -	\$ 97,424	\$ 318,209
Accrued liabilities	2,932,916	-	-	2,932,916
Payroll liabilities	126,681	-	37	126,718
Due to other funds	-	-	4,743	4,743
Total liabilities	3,280,382	-	102,204	3,382,586
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred property taxes	13,590,810	3,484,614	718,650	17,794,074
Deferred intergovernmental revenues	43,516	-	-	43,516
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,634,326	3,484,614	718,650	17,837,590
Fund Balances				
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	4,316,407	-	4,316,407
Capital projects	-	-	709,408	709,408
Transportation	-	-	2,507,928	2,507,928
Tort immunity	395,011	-	-	395,011
Retirement benefits	-	-	598,684	598,684
Unassigned	12,899,654	-	(4,757)	12,894,897
Total fund balances	13,294,665	4,316,407	3,811,263	21,422,335
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 30,209,373	\$ 7,801,021	\$ 4,632,117	\$ 42,642,511

See notes basic financial statements.

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 21,422,335
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	39,354,211
Certain revenues are considered unavailable in the fund financial statements but they are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements Grant revenue	43,516
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, which will be recognized as an increase or reduction to pension expense in future reporting periods:	
Deferred outflows due to pension - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Deferred outflows due to pension -Teachers' Retirement System Deferred outflows due to OPEB - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund Deferred outflows due to OPEB - District Plan Deferred inflows due to pension - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Deferred inflows due to pension - Teachers' Retirement System	1,966,909 519,009 1,130,121 294,145 (37,424) (1,882,237)
Deferred inflows due to Persion - Teachers' Realth Insurance Security Fund Deferred inflows due to OPEB - District Plan	(4,170,884) (291,843)
Premiums on bonds are other financing sources in the fund financial statements but are liabilities that are amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.	(3,566,911)
Losses on debt refundings are not considered to represent a financial resource and, therefore, are not required in the fund financial statements but are deferred outflows of resources that are amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.	1,091,383
wide infancial statements.	1,031,000

(Continued)

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) (Continued) June 30, 2019

Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These liabilities consist of:	
Accrued interest	\$ (58,246)
Compensated absences	(129,150)
General obligation bonds	(9,425,000)
Capital appreciation bonds	(32,280,264)
Capital lease payable	(963,692)
Collective total OPEB liability - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	(23,173,679)
Total OPEB liability - District Plan	(1,561,828)
Net pension liability - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	(3,618,391)
Collective net pension liability - Teachers' Retirement System	(2,263,719)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (17,601,639)

See notes to basic financial statements.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Majo	r Funds		
		Debt	_ Nonmajor	Total
	General	Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 27,603,882	\$ 7,139,640	\$ 1,391,184	\$ 36,134,706
Corporate property replacement taxes	418,349	-	12,628	430,977
Charges for services	2,037,827	_	-	2,037,827
Unrestricted state aid	6,428,220	_	_	6,428,220
Restricted state aid	9,947,269	_	1,389,245	11,336,514
Restricted federal aid	2,468,309	_	1,000,210	2,468,309
Interest	592,605	158,004	141,901	892,510
Total revenues	49,496,461	7,297,644	2,934,958	59,729,063
		, - ,-	,,	, -,
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	26,308,813	_	201,865	26,510,678
Special programs	4,944,461	_	223,056	5,167,517
Other instructional programs	1,684,894	_	48,502	1,733,396
Support services:	1,001,001		,	.,,
Pupils	3,022,450	_	121,975	3,144,425
Instructional staff	1,739,891	_	109,893	1,849,784
General administration	1,055,122	_	20,088	1,075,210
School administration	1,655,302	_	74,380	1,729,682
Business	1,642,470	_	162,001	1,804,471
Transportation	1,042,470		2,061,221	2,061,221
Operations and maintenance	2,982,210	_	132,659	3,114,869
Central	95,473	-	10,531	106,004
		-		
Community services	97,065	-	2,522	99,587
Payments to other governments	1,628,895	-	-	1,628,895
Capital outlay	357,555	-	-	357,555
Debt service:	270 600	C ECO CC1		6 047 250
Principal	278,689	6,568,661	-	6,847,350
Interest and fees	21,528	359,658	2.400.000	381,186
Total expenditures	47,514,818	6,928,319	3,168,693	57,611,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,981,643	369,325	(233,735)	2,117,233
over (under) experiancies	1,301,043	303,323	(200,700)	2,117,200
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer in	_	_	100,000	100,000
Transfer (out)	(100,000)	_	100,000	(100,000)
Total other financing	(100,000)			(100,000)
sources (uses)	(100,000)	_	100,000	_
country (mossy	(100,000)		100,000	
Net change in fund balances	1,881,643	369,325	(133,735)	2,117,233
Fund balances:				
July 1, 2018	11,413,022	3,947,082	3,944,998	19,305,102
•				
June 30, 2019	\$ 13,294,665	\$ 4,316,407	\$ 3,811,263	\$ 21,422,335

See notes to basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$	2,117,233
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities a different because:	are		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures paid while governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures paid while government report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays and gain on disposals in the current period. Capital outlays  Depreciation expense	٢	_	(1,622,856)
Certain revenues are deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial s because they are not available but are recognized in the government-wid financial statements:			
Prior-year deferred intergovernmental revenues Current year deferred intergovernmental revenues	(445,405) 43,516	_	(401,889)
Items related to pension expense and revenue are reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows on the government-wide financial statement but not on the fund financial statements:	nts,		
Deferred outflows of resources - Teachers' Retirement System Deferred outflows of resources - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Deferred outflows of resources - Teachers' Health Insurance Security F Deferred outflows of resources - District Plan	Fund		(331,190) 1,638,695 (137,472) 11,462
Deferred inflows of resources - Teachers' Retirement System Deferred inflows of resources - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Deferred inflows of resources - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fu Deferred inflows of resources - District Plan	ınd		(1,516,334) 1,279,375 (1,353,608) 34,638
Premium on bonds is recorded as other financing sources in the fund fina statements, but the premium is recorded as a liability in the statement of is amortized over the life of the bonds. This is the amount in the current particular premium on bonds	net position and		739,020
Losses on refunded debt are not considered to represent a financial reso therefore, are not required in the fund financial statements, but the loss is as a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position and is	s recorded		700,020
the life of the bonds. This is the amount in the current period.  Amortization deferred loss on refunding			(244,416)
(Continued)			

(Continued)

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the governmental funds, however, it results in an increase in long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.	\$ (3,673,808)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  General obligation bond principal retirement Capital appreciation bond retirement Capital lease principal retirement	1,355,000 5,155,000 337,350
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:  State on-behalf contribution revenue for TRS and THIS  State on-behalf contribution expense for TRS and THIS  Increase in accrued interest Increase in compensated absences  Decrease in net OPEB liability - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund Increase in net OPEB liability - District Plan Increase in net pension liability - Illinois Municipal Retirement System  Decrease in net pension liability - Teachers' Retirement System	 6,779,839 (6,779,839) (29,123) (42,466) 374,141 (85,082) (2,886,808) 2,253,870
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,970,732

See notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2019

		Student Activity Fund
Assets, cash	\$	114,543
Liabilities, due to activity fund organizations	_	114,543
Total net position	_ \$_	

See notes to basic financial statements.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Nature of Operations**

The District operates as a public school system governed by an elected seven-member board. The District is organized under The School Code of the State of Illinois, as amended. The District serves the communities of Oak Lawn and Hometown, Illinois.

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

## **Financial Reporting Entity**

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government and the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

Financial benefit or financial burden is created if any one of the following relationships exists:

- 1) The primary government is legally entitled to or has access to the component unit's resources.
- 2) The primary government is legally required or has assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, provide support to, the component unit.
- 3) The primary government is obligated in some manner for the other component unit's debt.

Based upon the application criteria, no component units have been included within the reporting entity.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS):** The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities report the overall financial activity of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities of the District. The financial activities of the District consist of governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (i.e., instruction, support services, etc.) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs (including fines and fees), and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

**Fund Financial Statements (FFS):** Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary (agency) funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Additionally, the District administers an agency fund that is used to account for assets held by the District in an agency capacity. These funds are held on behalf of the students of the District.

The District administers the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Debt Service Fund –** Accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt from governmental funds.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include various taxes, state-shared revenues and various state, federal and local grants. On an accrual basis, revenues from taxes are recognized when the District has a legal claim to the resources. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year they are levied (i.e. intended to finance). Grants, entitlements, state-shared revenues and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year.

Significant revenue sources which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, other taxes, grants and interest. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting; however, in the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due (upon employee retirement or termination). General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2018 tax levy was passed by the Board of Education on November 12, 2018, and attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1. These taxes became due and collectible in March and September 2019 and were collected by the county collector, who in turn remits to the District its respective share. The District receives these remittances within one month of the collection dates. For the 2018 levy, the District recognizes no more than 55 percent of the prior-year levy less a 3 percent allowance in the current fiscal year as revenue with the remainder of the 2018 levy to be recognized in the following fiscal year; accordingly, the remaining amount is reflected as deferred inflows of resources this year. This methodology conforms to the measurable and available criteria for revenue recognition. Due to property tax collection through 60 days being sufficient to meet the availability criteria, the District was able to recognize 51 percent of the prior-year levy as revenue in the current fiscal year on the fund financial statements.

The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law imposes mandatory property tax limitations on the ability of taxing districts in Illinois to raise revenues through unlimited property tax increases. The increase in property tax extensions is limited to the lesser of 5 percent or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers. The limitation includes taxes levied for purposes without a statutory maximum rate. The amount of the limitation may be adjusted for new property added or annexed to the tax base or due to voter approved increases.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments consist of pooled cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees and are reported at fair value.

# Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Activity

**Loans –** amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are reported as due from other funds in lender funds and due to other funds in borrower funds for short-term borrowings and advances to other funds in lender funds and advances from other funds in borrower funds for long-term borrowings. Amounts are eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position.

**Transfers** – flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land, land improvements, buildings, and other equipment, are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for asset acquisitions and improvements are stated as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

These assets have been valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is recorded in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 15 - 50 years
Land improvements 20 years
Equipment 5 - 20 years

#### Deferred Inflows or Deferred Outflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net position or fund balance that is applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods.

Property taxes that are received or recorded as receivables prior to the period the levy is intended to finance are recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. Intergovernmental revenue is recorded as deferred inflows of resources on the fund financial statements when it has not yet met both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period.

For pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plans, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments, changes in assumptions and differences between expected and actual experience, the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions for and payments made subsequent to the plan's measurement date are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements.

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

# Compensated Absences

Certified employees working less than 12 months a year do not earn vacation days, however, full-time 12 month employees earn 5 to 25 vacation days per year which vest as they accrue. Staff may accumulate a maximum of 5 vacation days. Days are paid out upon resignation or retirement at the employees' current daily rate. Vacation pay includes the actual salary plus salary-related payments.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All employees receive 14 sick days per year, three of which may be used for personal business, and these days accumulate to no maximum. These accumulated sick days do not vest and have not been recognized as a liability as they will not be paid in cash. Upon retirement, bargaining unit employees are paid \$30 per day for each day not used for TRS/IMRF purposes. Up to 340 days may be contributed toward retirement. Certified employees are not paid for days contributed toward TRS/IMRF retirement. Bargaining unit employees who quit, rather than retire, are not paid out any sick days but may contribute them toward early retirement.

The General Fund is typically used to liquidate these liabilities.

# Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, including pension liabilities, compensated absences and postemployment benefits other than pension benefits are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are recorded as liabilities and amortized over the life of the bonds. Deferred losses on refunding are amortized over the life of the bonds and are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures or expenses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The District participates in two OPEB plans, the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS) plan provided by the State and an OPEB plan provided by the District. For purposes of measuring the District's collective OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the THIS OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the THIS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the THIS Plan. For this purpose, the THIS Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments, if any, are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

## **Net Position**

The statement of net position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** consists of capital assets and deferred outflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds.

**Restricted net positions** result when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net positions** consist of net positions that do not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Fund Balances**

Within the governmental fund types, the District's fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

**Nonspendable** – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2019, the District had no nonspendable fund balances.

**Restricted** – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District's highest level of decision-making authority rests with the District's Board of Education. The District passes formal resolutions to commit their fund balances. At June 30, 2019, the District had no committed fund balances.

Assigned – includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the District's Board of Education itself; or b) a body or official to which the Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's Board of Education has not delegated authority to any other body or official to assign amounts for a specific purpose within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved budget/appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned. At June 30, 2019, the District had no assigned fund balances.

**Unassigned** – includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the general fund and unassigned deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (i.e., committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances) are available, followed by committed and then assigned fund balances. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other resources have been used.

The General Fund includes the Working Cash stabilization account. Under the State of Illinois School Code (School Code), the District is authorized to incur indebtedness and issue bonds and to levy a tax annually on all taxable property of the District in order to enable the District to have in its treasury at all times sufficient money to meet demands thereon. These funds may be lent to other District governmental funds in need, but may only be expended for other purposes upon the passage of a resolution by the Board of Education to abolish or abate the fund. At June 30, 2019, the District had working cash stabilization fund balances of \$10,302,316 that have been classified as unassigned fund balances in the general fund.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments

#### **Deposits**

State statutes authorize the District to make deposits directly or through its Township Trustees in interest-bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions. As of June 30, 2019, the District had deposits with federally insured financial institutions of \$5,000 with bank balances totaling \$4,800. The agency fund had deposits with federally insured financial institutions of \$114,543 with bank balances totaling \$114,543.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District policy is to have all bank balances fully insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2019, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

	_	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (In Years)
Pooled cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees	_	\$ 23,885,297	N/A

The value of pooled cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees is based on the fair value of the underlying securities at June 30, 2019, as determined by the Worth Township Trustees.

Of the total pooled cash and investments held by Worth Township Trustees, maturities are approximately as follows: less than 1 year (16.53 percent), 1 to 5 years (45.58 percent), 6-10 years (36.12 percent), and greater than 10 years (1.77 percent). The pooled accounts hold the following types of investments: U.S. Treasury Securities, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (FAMC), Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (ISDLAF+), Illinois Funds, Illinois Institutional Investors Trust, Municipal Bonds, Commercial Paper Money Market Mutual Funds and Money Market Accounts.

Interest Rate Risk - The District's investment policy does not limit its investment portfolio to specific maturities.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

# Note 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

*Credit Risk* - State statutes authorize the District to invest directly or through its Township Trustees in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000.

The District is also authorized to invest directly or through its Township Trustees in the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus and the Illinois Funds, which invests member deposits, on a pooled basis, primarily in short-term certificates of deposit and in high-rated, short-term obligations of major United States corporations and banks.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District investment policy requires that the investment portfolio is diversified as to materials and investments, as appropriate to the nature, purpose, and amounts of the funds. The policy does not limit the investments in any single issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Information related to the interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk of the other cash and investments held by the Worth Township Trustees can be obtained from the Worth Township Trustees at 10720 South Kenton, Oak Lawn, Illinois 60453, which issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

The deposits and investments are presented in the basic financial statements as cash and investments as follows:

Statement of Net Position (GWFS) \$ 23,890,297
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities (FFS) \$ 114,543
\$ 24,004,840

# **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

# Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:	oury 1, 2010	, taditions	rtotaromonto	04110 00, 2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,755,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,755,000
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	4,755,000	-	-	4,755,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	3,199,502	-	-	3,199,502
Buildings and improvements	62,294,573	-	-	62,294,573
Equipment	5,694,710	132,774	-	5,827,484
Total capital assets	74 400 705	400 774		74 004 550
being depreciated	71,188,785	132,774	-	71,321,559
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(2,332,446)	(87,511)	-	(2,419,957)
Buildings and improvements	(28,754,230)	(1,229,337)	-	(29,983,567)
Equipment	(3,880,042)	(438,782)	-	(4,318,824)
Total accumulated	(0.4.000.740)	(4.755.000)		(00.700.040)
depreciation	(34,966,718)	(1,755,630)	-	(36,722,348)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	36,222,067	(1,622,856)	-	34,599,211
O				
Governmental activities	\$ 40,977,067	¢ (1 622 956)	\$ -	\$ 39,354,211
Capital assets, net	φ 40,977,007	\$ (1,622,856)	φ -	⊕ 59,554,∠11

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

# Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular programs	\$ 62,880
Special programs	187,456
Other instructional programs	961,693
Support services:	
Pupils	114,067
Instructional staff	65,802
General administration	40,304
School administration	62,746
Business	65,458
Transportation	112,994
Operations and maintenance	74,772
Central	3,845
Community services	 3,613
	\$ 1,755,630

# Note 4. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations as of June 30, 2019, and a summary of activity for the year then ended are as follows:

	Outstanding Debt as of July 1, 2018	Add	itions	Reductions	Outstandi Debt as o June 30, 20	of	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 10,780,000	\$	-	\$ (1,355,000)	\$ 9,425,0	00 \$	1,405,000
Capital appreciation bonds Unamortized	33,761,456	3,6	73,808	(5,155,000)	32,280,2	64	5,155,000
bond premiums Capital leases	4,305,931 1,301,042		-	(739,020) (337,350)	3,566,9 963,6		- 334,423
Compensated absences	86,684	1	29,150	(86,684)	129,1	50	55,469
	\$ 50,235,113	\$ 3,8	02,958	\$ (7,673,054)	\$ 46,365,0	17 \$	6,949,892

Additions to capital appreciation bonds represent current year accreted interest.

The District's estimated legal debt limitation of \$47,612,930, based on 6.9 percent of the 2018 equalized assessed valuation of \$690,042,462, less outstanding debt of \$16,789,162 after deletion of cumulative accreted interest of \$24,916,102 included as principal payable in the above capital appreciation bond schedules results in an estimated legal debt margin of \$30,823,768 as of June 30, 2019.

# Note 4. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Interest rates range from 4.00 percent to 5.00 percent on the outstanding general obligation bonds and range from 9.00 percent to 13.50 percent on outstanding capital appreciation bonds. As of June 30, 2019, the future annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending		Obligation onds	Capital Ap Bor		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2028	\$ 1,405,000 1,180,000 875,000 900,000 935,000 4,130,000	\$ 322,728 294,052 268,446 240,432 205,400 403,750	\$ 1,179,661 1,066,866 1,044,990 946,703 707,770 2,418,172	\$ 3,975,339 4,088,134 4,775,010 4,873,297 5,112,230 24,601,828	\$ 6,882,728 6,629,052 6,963,446 6,960,432 6,960,400 31,553,750
	\$ 9,425,000	\$ 1,734,808	\$ 7,364,162	\$ 47,425,838	\$ 65,949,808

Interest maturities include \$24,916,102 in accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds, which is included in long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments

### **Teachers' Retirement System**

Plan Description. The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS or the System). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://trs.illinois.gov/pubs/cafr/fy2018">http://trs.illinois.gov/pubs/cafr/fy2018</a>; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, Illinois 62794; or by calling (888) 877-0890, option 2.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

#### Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefits beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefits or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier 3 hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. The earliest possible implementation date is July 1, 2020. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2021. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

Contributions. The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90 percent of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 9.0 percent of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

On behalf contributions to TRS. The state of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2019, state of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the state's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the employers, and the District recognized revenue and expense of \$14,564,027 in the governmental activities based on the economic resources measurement basis and revenues and expenditures in the amount of \$9,128,659 in the General Fund based on the current financial resources measurement basis.

**2.2 formula contributions.** Employers contribute 0.58 percent of the total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$126,762, and are deferred because they are paid after the June 30, 2018, measurement date.

**Federal and special trust fund contributions.** When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the District, there is a statutory requirement for the District to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2019.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer pension contribution was 9.85 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2019, salaries totaling \$605,988 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required District contributions of \$59,692. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

## Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

**Employer retirement cost contributions.** Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. Additionally, beginning with the year ended June 30, 2019, employers will make a similar contribution for salary increases over 3 percent if members are not exempted by current collective bargaining agreements or contracts. A one time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of the statutory limit, \$0 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment and \$300 for member salaries in excess of the governor's statutory salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the employer reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the employer. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the employer as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the employer were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,263,719
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the employer	155,074,241
Total	\$ 157,337,960

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2018, the employer's proportion was 0.0029 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0030 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized the following pension expense/expenditure and revenue pertaining to the District's employees:

	<u> </u>	Sovernmental Activities	General Fund
State on-behalf contribution - pension revenue and expense/expenditure	\$	14,564,027	\$ 9,128,659
District pension expense/expenditure		(209,157)	186,454
Total pension expense/expenditure	\$	14,354,870	\$ 9,315,113

## Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	45,496	\$	494
on pension plan investments		-		6,931
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		99,286		64,159
		187,773		1,810,653
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense				
in future periods		332,555		1,882,237
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		186,454		
	_	<b>5</b> 40.000	_	4 000 007
	\$	519,009	\$	1,882,237

The District reported \$186,454 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and this will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (240,221)
2021	(329,927)
2022	(396,293)
2023	(400,363)
2024	 (182,878)
	\$ (1,549,682)

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

• Inflation 2.50 percent

• Salary increases varies by amount of service credit

• Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates are used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017. In the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates were used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2014.

## Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
		_
U.S. equities large cap	15.0 %	6.7 %
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.0	7.9
International equities developed	13.6	7.0
Emerging market equities	3.4	9.4
U.S. bonds core	8.0	2.2
U.S. bonds high yield	4.2	4.4
International debt developed	2.2	1.3
Emerging international debt	2.6	4.5
Real estate	16.0	5.4
Commodities (real return)	4.0	1.8
Hedge funds (absolute return)	14.0	3.9
Private equity	15.0	10.2
	100.0 %	

Discount Rate. At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent, which was unchanged from the June 30, 2017 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and state contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2018, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially-funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were not covered, so a long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

# Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

	Current					
	19	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	2,776,237	\$	2,263,719	\$	1,850,987

Payables to TRS. As of June 30, 2019, the District reported no payables due to TRS.

TRS Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about TRS' fiduciary net position as of June 30, 3018, is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### **Illinois Municipal Retirement**

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The district plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided. The District participates in the Regular Plan (RP). Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3 percent of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of 3 percent of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. As of December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	141
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	303
Active plan members	133
Total	577

# Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

Contributions. As set by statute, the District's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's required and actual contribution rates for the calendar years ending December 31, 2019 and 2018, were 9.36 and 13.88 percent, respectively. For fiscal year 2019, the District contributed \$479,135 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefit rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability. The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2018:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The **Asset Valuation Method** used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.50 percent.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.39 percent to 14.25 percent, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25 percent.
- **Projected Retirement Age** was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- For Non-disabled Retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For **Disabled Retirees**, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For **Active Members**, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

		Projected Retu	urns / Risk	
	Target	One year	Ten Year	
Asset Class	Allocation	Arithmetic	Geometric	
			_	
Domestic equity	37.0 %	8.50 %	7.15 %	
International equity	18.0	9.20	7.25	
Fixed Income	28.0	3.75	3.75	
Real estate	9.0	7.30	6.25	
Alternative investments	7.0			
Private equity	-	12.40	8.50	
Hedge funds	-	5.75	5.50	
Commodities	-	4.75	3.20	
Cash equivalents	1.0	2.50	2.50	
	100.0 %			

The assumption that changed from the prior year is as follows:

• The investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.25 percent) during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits, and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate (3.71 percent) based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met.

Based on those assumptions, IMRF's fiduciary net position at December 31, 2018, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25 percent and the municipal bond rate was not used.

### Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The following table shows the components of the District's annual pension liability and related plan fiduciary net position for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018:

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ 19,220,677	\$ 18,489,094	\$	731,583
Changes for the year:				_
Service cost	383,028	-		383,028
Interest on the total pension liability	1,413,540	-		1,413,540
Difference between expected and actual				
experience of the total pension liability	612,218	-		612,218
Changes of assumptions	505,721	-		505,721
Contributions - employer	-	582,135		(582,135)
Contributions - employees	-	186,734		(186,734)
Net investment income	-	(1,077,688)		1,077,688
Benefit payment, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(1,129,984)	(1,129,984)		-
Other (net transfer)	-	336,518		(336,518)
Net changes	1,784,523	(1,102,285)		2,886,808
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 21,005,200	\$ 17,386,809	\$	3,618,391

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher:

Current

	1º	% Decrease (6.25%)	Di	Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	5,891,206	\$	3,618,391	\$	1,715,661	

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$454,035. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	319,864 264,223	\$ 9,797 27,627	
on pension plan investments		1,151,446	-	
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods  Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,735,533 231,376	37,424 -	
	\$	1,966,909	\$ 37,424	

## Note 5. Retirement Fund Commitments (Continued)

The District reported \$231,376 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and this will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

### Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ 868,020
2021	202,384
2022	135,017
2023	 492,688
	\$ 1,698,109

#### Note 6. Debt Defeasance

In prior years, the District advance refunded certain general obligation bonds by placing a portion of the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of all defeased bonds totals \$10,195,000.

#### Note 7. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction to assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Collective Liability Insurance Cooperative (CLIC) for its worker's compensation, general liability and property coverages. CLIC is an organization of school districts in Illinois, which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool their risk management needs.

The Cooperative agreement provides that CLIC will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in aggregate for general liability and property. CLIC's member premiums are used to purchase commercial insurance. The District along with other members of CLIC has a contractual obligation to fund any premium deficiency of CLIC attributable to a membership year during which it was a member. CLIC can assess supplemental premiums to fund these premium deficiencies. In the past three years, the District made no supplemental premium payments to CLIC.

Each member District of CLIC has a vote in the election of the pool's Board of Directors. The District does not exercise any control over the activities of the pool beyond its election of the Board Members.

The District is a member of Educational Benefit Cooperative, which is a self-insured cooperative for employee health and accident claims. A purchased insurance policy limits the aggregate claims the District may potentially pay to \$500,000 per individual. All administration and claims processing is done by an independent administrator.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Note 8. Obligations Under Capital Leases

The District leases various equipment under capital leases which expire between July 2018 and April 2022. Monthly, quarterly, and annual lease payments, including interest ranging from 3.67 percent and 5.04 percent, range from \$7,544 to \$110,565.

The District incurred \$366,872 in principal and interest expense relating to the capital leases in the current year.

Minimum future lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

#### Fiscal year ending June 30:

2020	\$ 366,872
2021	366,872
2022	289,905
Total minimum lease payments	1,023,649
Less amount representing interest	59,957
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 963,692

### Note 9. Other Financial Disclosures (FFS Level Only)

### **Budget Over-Expenditures**

The following fund over-expended its budget at June 30, 2019:

<u>Fund</u>	 Amount
Major Funds:	_
General Fund	
Operations and Maintenance Account	\$ 76,727
Debt Service Fund	276,719

# **Interfund Loans**

At June 30, 2019, the General Fund (a major governmental fund) loaned the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) \$4,743. The loan represents an operating loan that is expected to be repaid in fiscal year 2020.

#### Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>T</u>	ransfer In	Tr	Transfer Out		
General	\$	-	\$	100,000		
Capital projects		100,000				
	\$	100,000	\$	100,000		

The purpose of the interfund transfer is to fund capital projects.

# Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

#### **District Plan**

Plan Description. The District provides post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees. The District Group Health Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the District Board and can only be amended by the District Board. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund and an irrevocable trust has not been established. The District does not issue a Plan financial report.

Benefits Provided. Administrative and Certified teachers receiving retiree healthcare benefits from the Teachers' Retirement Insurance Program (TRIP) receive an annual, fixed benefit equal to the cost of the full premium for individual coverage in the TRIP health insurance plan for 5 years after retirement or until age 65, whichever is less. Non-certified employees may elect to continue healthcare coverage, at their own expense, to be enrolled in the District's health insurance program until the age of Medicare eligibility.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2019 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members currently receiving benefits	26
Active Plan Members	404
Total	430

*Total OPEB Liability.* The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Balance at July 1, 2018	\$ 1,476,746
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	108,489
Interest on the total OPEB liability	45,142
Changes of assumptions	35,698
Benefit payments	(114,360)
Other changes	10,113
Net changes	85,082
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 1,561,828

## Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 3.00 percent.
- Salary Increases were assumed to be 4.00 percent, including inflation.
- The Discount rate used was 2.79 percent.
- Mortality rates for IMRF employees and retirees were from the December 31, 2017, IMRF
  Actuarial Valuation Report (<a href="https://www.imrf.org/en/employers/employer-resources/reports-for-employers">https://www.imrf.org/en/employers/employer-resources/reports-for-employers</a>). Mortality rates for TRS employees and retirees were from the June 30, 2017,
  Teachers' Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Report (<a href="https://www.trsil.org/financial/actuarial-reports/valuation-reports">https://www.trsil.org/financial/actuarial-reports/valuation-reports</a>).
- For **Healthcare Cost Trend Rates**, actual trend rate used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on and after 2019, the PPO Plan trend starts at 5.50 percent and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50 percent, the TRIP Plan trend rate is held at a constant rate of 5.00 percent, and the HMO IL Plan trend rate is held at a constant rate of 4.50 percent.

Mortality rates for IMRF employees and retirees were from the December 31, 2017, IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report (<a href="https://www.imrf.org/en/employers/employer-resources/reports-for-employers">https://www.imrf.org/en/employers/employers/employer-resources/reports-for-employers</a>). Mortality rates for TRS employees and retirees were from the June 30, 2017, Teachers' Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Report (<a href="https://www.trsil.org/financial/actuarial-reports/valuation-reports">https://www.trsil.org/financial/actuarial-reports/valuation-reports</a>).

The following actuarial assumptions was changed from the prior year:

 The discount rate was changed from 3.18 percent to 2.79 percent to reflect the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2019.

Discount Rate. Since the Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a long-term rate of return was not used and the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was the 20-year general obligation bond index rate (source was the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2018). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions would be made at the current rates. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees beyond the current year.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Single Discount Rate. The following presents the Plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.98 percent, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount rate that is one percentage point higher or lower than the current rate:

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate				% Increase	
		(1.79%)		(2.79%)		(3.79%)	
Employer's proportionate share of the		4.057.045	Φ.	4 504 000	Φ.	4 470 070	
collective total OPEB liability	\$	1,657,345	\$	1,561,828	\$	1,472,078	

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate. The following presents the Plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point higher or lower, than the current healthcare cost trend rates. The key trend rates are 5.50 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50 percent in 2029.

# Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

	Healthcare Cost					
	Trend Rates					
	1%	Decrease(a)	A	Assumption	1%	6 Increase(b)
Employer's proportionate share of the						
collective total OPEB liability	\$	1,423,961	\$	1,561,828	\$	1,722,584

- (a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 4.50 percent in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50 percent in 2030.
- (b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 6.50 percent in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50 percent in 2030.

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$153,342. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	105,402 188,743	\$ - 291,843	
	\$	294,145	\$ 291,843	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods as follows:

#### Fiscal Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (288)
2021	(288)
2022	(288)
2023	(288)
2024	(288)
Thereafter	 3,742
	\$ 2,302

#### **Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund**

Plan Description. The District participates in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS) of the State of Illinois. THIS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan (OPEB) established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of eligible retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago (members). All District employees receiving monthly benefits from the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) who have at least eight years of creditable service with TRS, the survivor of an annuitant or benefit recipient who had at least eight years of creditable service or a recipient of a monthly disability benefit are eligible to enroll in THIS.

# Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Plan and amendments to the Plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The Plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services. The publicly available financial report of the Plan may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/CMS-THISF.asp).

Benefits Provided. THIS provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan. The premiums charged reflect approximately a 75 percent subsidy for members that elect a managed care plan or elect the Teachers' Choice Health Plan (TCHP) if a managed care plan is either not available or only partially available. Members receive approximately a 50 percent subsidy if they elect the TCHP when a managed care plan is available. Medicare primary dependent beneficiaries enrolled in a managed care plan or in the TCHP when no managed care plan is available receive a premium subsidy.

Contributions. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6) specifies the contribution requirements of the participating school districts and covered employees. For the year ended June 30, 2019, required contributions are as follows:

- Active members contribute 1.24 percent of covered payroll.
- Employers contribute 0.92 percent of covered payroll. The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$201,031 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2018 measurement date.
- The State of Illinois makes contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members. The State contributed 1.24 percent of covered payroll. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized revenue and expense of \$1,615,425 in the governmental activities based on the economic resources measurement basis and revenue and expenditures of \$270,954 in the General Fund based on the current financial resources measurement.
- Retired members contribute through premium payments based on the coverage elected, Medicare eligibility, and the age of the member and dependents. The premium for retired members is not permitted to increase by more than 5.0 percent per year by statute. The Federal Government provides a Medicare Part D subsidy.

OPEB Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided for the District. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The OPEB proportionate shares are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability

The State's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB
liability associated with the District

Total THIS total collective OPEB liability associated with the District

\$ 23,173,679

31,117,067

\$ 54,290,746

The collective total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2017, and rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

## Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

The District's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.087959 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002786 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized the following for OPEB expense/expenditure and revenue pertaining to the District's employees:

	G	overnmental Activities	General Fund
State on-behalf contribution - OPEB revenue and expense/expenditure	\$	1,615,425	\$ 270,954
District OPEB expense/expenditure		1,304,682	201,031
Total OPEB expense/expenditure	\$	2,920,107	\$ 471,985

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between District	\$ -	\$ 83,148		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions  Net difference between projected and actual investment	929,090	712,548		
earnings	-	711		
Changes of assumptions	 -	3,374,477		
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in expense				
in future periods	929,090	4,170,884		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	201,031	-		
	\$ 1,130,121	\$ 4,170,884		

The District reported \$201,031 as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in expense as follows:

### Fiscal Year Ending June 30:

2020	\$ (563,589)
2021	(563,589)
2022	(563,589)
2023	(563,526)
2024	(563,395)
Thereafter	(424,106)
	\$ (3,241,794)

## Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, based on the entry age normal cost method and using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Depends on service and ranges from 9.25% at 1 year of service

to 3.25% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase

includes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption.

Investment rate of return 0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Healthcare cost trend rates Actual trend used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on and

after 2019, trend starts at 8.00% and 9.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50%. Additional trend rate of 0.36% is added to non-Medicare cost on and after 2021 to

0.36% is added to non-Medicare cost on and after 2021 to

account for the Excise Tax.

Mortality rates For retirement and beneficiary annuitants the rates were based

on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar

Table, sex distinct. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.

Eighty percent of future retirees that are currently active are assumed to elect healthcare coverage, with 80 percent electing single coverage and 20 percent electing two-person coverage.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014.

The following OPEB-related assumption changes were made since the June 30, 2014, OPEB actuarial valuation date:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.56 percent at June 30, 2017 to 3.62 percent at June 30, 2018:
- The healthcare trend assumption was updated based on claim and enrollment experience through June 30, 2017, projected plan cost for plan year-end June 30, 2018, premium changes through plan year-end 2019, and expectation of future trend increases after June 30, 2018;
- The Excise trend rate adjustment was updated based on available premium and enrollment information as of June 30, 2018;
- Per capita claim costs were updated based on projected claims and enrollment experience through June 30, 2018, and updated premium rates through plan year 2019; and
- Healthcare plan participation rates by plan were updated based on observed experience.

The long-term expected rate of return assumption was set to zero. As such, ranges of expected future real rates of return by asset class were not developed.

# Note 10. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate. Since THIS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a long-term rate of return was not used and the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was the 20-year general obligation bond index rate (source was Fidelity Index's 20-year municipal GO AA Index). The discount rate as of June 30, 2018, was 3.62 percent, which was an increase from the June 30, 2017, rate of 3.56 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee, employer, and State contributions would be made at the current statutorily-required rates. Based on those assumptions, THIS's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees beyond the current year.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's net OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 3.62 percent, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point higher or lower than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease (2.62%)	Discount Rate (3.62%)	1% Increase (4.62%)					
District's proportionate share of the		` '	, ,					
collective net OPEB liability	\$ 27,863,562	\$ 23,173,679	\$ 19,471,212					

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate. The following presents the District's net OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point higher or lower, than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	Healthcare Cost								
	Trend Rates								
	19	6 Decrease(a)		Assumption	1% Increase(b)				
Employer's proportionate share of the									
collective net OPEB liability	\$	18,790,009	\$	23,173,679	\$ 29,079,269				

- (a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00 percent in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.86 percent in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 8.00 percent in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50 percent in 2028 for Medicare coverage.
- (b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00 percent in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.86 percent in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 10.00 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50 percent in 2028 for Medicare coverage.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the THIS plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued THIS financial report.

Payable to the OPEB plan. The District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the THIS plan for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

The District received financial awards from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

### Note 12. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted

The following is a description of the GASB authoritative pronouncements which have been issued but not yet adopted by the District.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2020. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Statement 84 provides that governments should report activities meeting certain criteria in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements and present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Statement 84 also describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: pension/employee benefit trust funds; investment trust funds; private purpose trust funds; and custodial funds with fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2021. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 61*, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ended June 30, 2020. This Statement improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information related to presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations that previously were reported inconsistently. In addition, it requires reporting of information about component units if the government acquires 100 percent equity interest in the component unit.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

# Note 12. Pronouncements Issued but Not Yet Adopted (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. This Statement establishes a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice. Under Statement 91 a government entity no longer reports a liability for any conduit debt that it has issued; however, the issuer should recognize a liability for any additional commitments or voluntary commitments to support the debt service.

Management of the District is still in the process of determining what effect, if any, the above statements will have on the basic financial statements and related disclosures.



# Schedule of District Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Calendar Year Ending December	D	Actuarially etermined ontribution	Actual Contribution		D	ontribution eficiency Excess)	Va	Covered luation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2018	\$	575,972	\$	582,135	\$	(6,163)	\$	4,149,653	14.03%
2017		548,582		548,582		-		3,762,564	14.58%
2016		572,919		572,919		-		3,656,153	15.67%
2015		560,910		560,909		1		3,661,291	15.32%
2014		489,921		503,923		(14,002)		3,406,959	14.79%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2018 Contribution Rate\*

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which

are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2018 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 25-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.50% Price Inflation: 2.75%

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last

updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011 to

2013.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were

developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational

projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from

the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF

experience.

Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

\*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation (note two-year lag between valuation and rate setting).

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Calendar Year Ended December 31,		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	383.028	\$	413.909	\$	415,314	\$	399,171	\$	423,339
Interest on the total pension liability	Ψ	1,413,540	Ψ.	1,420,871	Ψ.	1,390,500	Ψ.	1,316,189	Ψ.	1,224,703
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual										
experience of the total pension liability		612,218		(208,725)		(319,379)		364,896		(219,902)
Changes of assumptions		505,721		(588,585)		(60,125)		20,118		839,121
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		,		, , ,		, , ,		,		,
contributions		(1,129,984)		(1,109,579)		(1,080,637)		(1,099,569)		(920,925)
Net change in total pension liability		1,784,523		(72,109)		345,673		1,000,805		1,346,336
Total pension liability - beginning		19,220,677		19,292,786		18,947,113		17,946,308		16,599,972
Total pension liability - ending	\$	21,005,200	\$	19,220,677	\$	19,292,786	\$	18,947,113	\$	17,946,308
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	582,135	\$	548,582	\$	572,919	\$	560,909	\$	503,923
Contributions - employee		186,734		169,316		166,357		169,011		159,258
Net investment income		(1,077,688)		2,993,312		1,090,814		76,870		906,937
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions		(1,129,984)		(1,109,579)		(1,080,637)		(1,099,569)		(920,925)
Other (net transfer)		336,518		(748,769)		59,680		560,959		(86,960)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,102,285)		1,852,862		809,133		268,180		562,233
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		18,489,094		16,636,232		15,827,099		15,558,919		14,996,686
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	17,386,809	\$	18,489,094	\$	16,636,232	\$	15,827,099	\$	15,558,919
Net pension liability	\$	3,618,391	\$	731,583	\$	2,656,554	\$	3,120,014	\$	2,387,389
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of total pension liability		82.77%		96.19%		86.23%		83.53%		86.70%
				22370				22.2070		22 379
Covered valuation payroll	\$	4,149,653	\$	3,762,564	\$	3,656,153	\$	3,661,291	\$	3,406,959
Net pension liability as a percentage										
of covered valuation payroll		87.20%		19.44%		72.66%		85.22%		70.07%

The information on the schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented. Information is presented for those years which information is available.

### Schedule of District Contributions Teachers' Retirement System

For the fiscal year ending June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually-required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	\$ 186,454 186,454	\$ 163,337 \$ 169,902	243,793 \$ 244,577	222,492 \$ 223,446	198,709 198,730
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (6,564) \$	(784) \$	(954) \$	(21)
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,851,146 0.85%	\$ 20,849,745 \$ 0.81%	20,878,466 \$ 1.17%	19,983,628 \$ 1.12%	19,325,665 1.03%
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System					
For the fiscal year ending June 30, *	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.002904%	0.005913%	0.005769%	0.005671%	0.004800%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,263,719	\$ 4,517,589 \$	4,554,424 \$	3,715,416 \$	2,948,623
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 155,074,241	154,330,627	159,235,531	125,158,100	114,952,809
Total	\$ 157,337,960	\$ 158,848,216 \$	163,789,955 \$	128,873,516 \$	117,901,432
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	\$ 20,849,745	\$ 20,878,466 \$	19,983,628 \$	19,325,665 \$	18,668,430
covered-employee payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	10.86% 40.00%	21.64% 39.30%	22.79% 36.40%	19.23% 41.47%	15.79% 43.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

#### **Changes to Assumptions**

For the 2018, 2017 and 2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return of 7.0 percent, an inflation rate of 2.5 percent and real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit but the rates of increase in the 2018 measurement year were slightly higher.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases that vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Postemployment Benefit Plan - District Plan

For the fiscal year ending June 30,	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 108,489	\$ 102,501
Interest on the total OPEB liability	45,142	45,641
Differences between expected and actual experience		
of the total OPEB liability	-	130,421
Changes of assumptions	35,698	11,479
Benefit payments	(114,360)	(116,398)
Other changes	10,113	(190,345)
Net change in total OPEB liability	85,082	(16,701)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,476,746	1,493,447
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,561,828	\$ 1,476,746
Covered valuation payroll	\$ 21,223,242	\$ 21,223,242
Total OPEB liability as a percentage		
of covered valuation payroll	7.36%	6.96%
5. 55.55 15.55. pay. 5	1.0070	0.0070

#### **Notes to Schedule**

- The discount rate used to determine the total OPEB liability was changed to 2.79 percent in 2019 from 3.19 percent in 2018.
- The information on this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 75. Information is presented for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

For the fiscal year ending June 30, *	2019	2018	_
Employer's proportion of the collective total OPEB liability	0.08796%	0.09075%	
Employer's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability	\$ 23,173,679	\$ 23,547,820	
The State's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability			
associated with the employer	31,117,067	30,571,520	
Total	\$ 54,290,746	\$ 54,119,340	_
Employee covered payroll	\$ 20,849,745	\$ 20,878,466	
Collective total OPEB liability as a percentage of the employee covered payroll	111.15%	112.79%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal-year-end.

The information in this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

# Schedule of District Contributions Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

For the fiscal year ending June 30,		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily-required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$	201,030 201,030	\$	183,478 183,478	\$	175,379 175,379	\$	159,869 159,869	\$	146,875 146,875
Employer's employee covered payroll	<u> </u>	21.851.146	\$	20.849.745	<u>ψ</u>	20.878.466	ψ ¢ ,	19.983.628	ψ <b>¢</b> 1	9,325,665
Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll	Ψ	0.92%	Ψ	0.88%	Ψ	0.84%	Ψ	0.80%	Ψ	0.76%

### **Notes to Schedules**

- The discount rate used to determine the collective net OPEB liability was changed to 3.56 percent in the 2018 valuation (presented in 2019) from 3.62 percent in the 2017 valuation (presented in 2018).
- The information on this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual General Fund

General Fund		0				
Year Ended June 30, 2019		Original				
		and Final				
		Budget		Actual		Variance
Davis						
Revenues:	Φ.	00 000 700	Φ.	07.000.000	Φ.	074 400
Property taxes	\$	26,932,700	\$	27,603,882	\$	671,182
Corporate property replacement taxes		382,900		418,349		35,449
Charges for services		1,924,800		2,037,827		113,027
Unrestricted state aid		6,381,500		6,428,220		46,720
Restricted state aid		370,700		547,656		176,956
Restricted federal aid		2,508,500		2,468,309		(40,191)
Interest		238,900		592,605		353,705
Total revenues		38,740,000		40,096,848		1,356,848
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
		17 120 200		16 000 200		E20 000
Regular programs		17,439,200		16,909,200		530,000
Special programs		5,242,200		4,944,461		297,739
Other instructional programs		1,680,200		1,684,894		(4,694)
Support services:		0.000.000		0.000.450		(50.450)
Pupils		2,963,300		3,022,450		(59,150)
Instructional staff		1,745,900		1,739,891		6,009
General administration		999,000		1,055,122		(56,122)
School administration		1,647,600		1,655,302		(7,702)
Business		1,680,000		1,642,470		37,530
Operations and maintenance		2,967,300		2,982,210		(14,910)
Central		98,700		95,473		3,227
Community services		118,400		97,065		21,335
Payments to other governments		1,375,600		1,628,895		(253,295)
Capital outlay		690,900		357,555		333,345
Debt service:						
Principal		-		278,689		(278,689)
Interest and fees		-		21,528		(21,528)
Contingency		150,000		-		150,000
Total expenditures		38,798,300		38,115,205		683,095
Fuere (deficience) of management						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(50,000)		4 004 040		0.000.040
over (under) expenditures		(58,300)		1,981,643		2,039,943
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer in		1,000,000		_		(1,000,000)
Transfer out		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(100,000)		(100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,000,000		(100,000)		(1,100,000)
Total office imanifing courses (asset)		1,000,000		(100,000)		(1,100,000)
Change in fruid balance	φ.	044 700		1 001 642	φ	020 042
Change in fund balance	Φ	941,700	=	1,881,643	\$	939,943
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				11,413,022		
, ·, · ·			-	.,,	-	
June 30, 2019			\$	13,294,665	_	
					_	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Variance				
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	7,259,800	\$	7,139,640	\$	(120,160)
Charges for services	•	13,800	•	-	•	(13,800)
Interest		44,900		158,004		113,104
Total revenues		7,318,500		7,297,644		(20,856)
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest and fees Total expenditures		2,650,000 4,001,600 6,651,600		6,568,661 359,658 6,928,319		(3,918,661) 3,641,942 (276,719)
Change in fund balance	\$	666,900	=	369,325	\$	(297,575)
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				3,947,082	_	
June 30, 2019			\$	4,316,407	=	

#### **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

### Note 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental fund types, except the Agency Funds. The annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America at the fund level. All budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before July 1 of each year, the Superintendent is to submit for review by the Board of Education a proposed budget for the school year commencing on that date. After reviewing the proposed budget, the Board of Education holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and by function. The General Fund budget is further detailed by account (Education, Operations and Maintenance, and Working Cash). The Board of Education may make transfers between functions within a fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10 percent of the total of such fund, and may amend the total budget following the same procedures required to adopt the original budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. No supplemental budget was required and there were no transfers between functions during the year.

For budgetary purposes, the District does not recognize as revenues received the retirement contributions made by the State of Illinois to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund of the State of Illinois (THIS) on behalf of the District as well as the related expenditures paid.

The following schedule reconciles the revenues and expenditures on the budgetary basis with the amounts presented in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the District's General Fund only.

Revenues received - budgetary basis Unbudgeted retirement contributions made by the State - TRS Unbudgeted retirement contributions made by the State - THIS	\$ 40,096,848 9,128,659 270,954
Revenues received - GAAP basis	\$ 49,496,461
Expenditures paid - budgetary basis Unbudgeted retirement contributions made by the State - TRS Unbudgeted retirement contributions made by the State - THIS	\$ 38,115,205 9,128,659 270,954
Expenditures paid - GAAP basis	\$ 47,514,818



Combining Balance Sheet General Fund, by Accounts June 30, 2019

		(	Operations and			
	Educational	M	laintenance	Tort	Working Cash	
	Account		Account	Account	Account	Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 4,455,993	\$	720,590	\$ 404,141	\$ 10,296,615	\$ 15,877,339
Receivables:						
Property taxes, net	12,786,425		330,411	271,570	958	13,389,364
Intergovernmental	870,834		67,093	-	-	937,927
Due from other funds	_		-	-	4,743	4,743
Total assets	\$ 18,113,252	\$	1,118,094	\$ 675,711	\$ 10,302,316	\$ 30,209,373
Liabilities						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 156,713	\$	59,028	\$ 5,044	\$ -	\$ 220,785
Accrued liabilities	2,932,916		-	-	-	2,932,916
Payroll liabilities	120,352		6,329	-	-	126,681
Total liabilities	3,209,981		65,357	5,044	-	3,280,382
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property taxes	12,978,800		335,382	275,656	972	13,590,810
Deferred grant revenues	43,516		-	-	-	43,516
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,022,316		335,382	275,656	972	13,634,326
Fund balances:						
Restricted	-		-	395,011	-	395,011
Unassigned	1,880,955		717,355		10,301,344	12,899,654
Total fund balance	1,880,955		717,355	395,011	10,301,344	13,294,665
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 18,113,252	\$	1,118,094	\$ 675,711	\$ 10,302,316	\$ 30,209,373

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund, by Accounts Year Ended June 30, 2019

,	Education	Operations and ducational Account Maintenance Account Tort Account					Working Cas	h Account	Total			
•	Original and		Original and		Original and		Original and		Original and			
	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
Revenues:												
Property taxes	\$ 24,974,500	\$ 26,278,183	\$ 1,428,100	\$ 749,485	\$ 529,400	\$ 575,245	\$ 700 9	969	\$ 26,932,700	\$ 27,603,882		
Corporate property	Ψ 2.,σ,σσσ	Ψ 20,2.0,.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	Ψ 020,.00	ψ 0.0,2.0		, , ,	Ψ 20,002,.00	Ψ 2.,000,002		
replacement taxes	_	_	382,900	418,349	_	_	_	_	382,900	418,349		
Charges for services	997,500	1,054,444	888,800	956,476	38,500	26,907	_	_	1,924,800	2,037,827		
Unrestricted state aid	6,381,500	6,428,220	-	-	-		_	_	6,381,500	6,428,220		
Restricted state aid	370,700	547,656	_	_	_	_	_	_	370,700	547,656		
Restricted federal aid	2,508,500	2,468,309	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,508,500	2,468,309		
Interest	44,300	184,086	42,600	52,164	(1,700)	7,188	153,700	349,167	238,900	592,605		
Total revenues	35.277.000	36,960,898	2,742,400	2,176,474	566,200	609.340	154.400	350.136	38,740,000	40,096,848		
		,,	_,: :_,:=;	_, ,	,	,	,	,	22,1 12,222	, ,		
Expenditures: Current:												
Instruction:												
Regular programs	17,439,200	16,909,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,439,200	16,909,200		
Special programs	5,242,200	4,944,461	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,242,200	4,944,461		
Other instructional programs	1,680,200	1,684,894	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,680,200	1,684,894		
Support services:												
Pupils	2,963,300	3,022,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,963,300	3,022,450		
Instructional staff	1,745,900	1,739,891	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,745,900	1,739,891		
General administration	614,900	687,943	-	-	384,100	367,179	-	-	999,000	1,055,122		
School administration	1,647,600	1,655,302	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,647,600	1,655,302		
Business	1,517,800	1,463,545	162,200	178,925	-	-	-	-	1,680,000	1,642,470		
Operations and maintenance	-	-	2,967,300	2,982,210	-	-	-	-	2,967,300	2,982,210		
Central	98,700	95,473	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,700	95,473		
Community services	118,400	97,065	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,400	97,065		
Payments to other governments	1,375,600	1,628,895	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,375,600	1,628,895		
Capital outlay Debt service:	580,900	326,208	110,000	31,347	-	-	-	-	690,900	357,555		
Principal	-	169,672	-	109,017	-	-	-	-	-	278,689		
Interest and fees	-	6,800	-	14,728	-	-	-	-	-	21,528		
Provision for contingencies	150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,000			
Total expenditures	35,174,700	34,431,799	3,239,500	3,316,227	384,100	367,179	-	-	38,798,300	38,115,205		
F (15: ) 6												
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	400 000	0.500.000	(407.400)	(4.400.750)	400 400	040 404	454 400	250 420	(50,000)	4 004 040		
over (under) expenditures	102,300	2,529,099	(497,100)	(1,139,753)	182,100	242,161	154,400	350,136	(58,300)	1,981,643		
Other financing uses:												
Transfer in	1,000,000	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	1,000,000	-		
Transfer (out)	-	-	-	(100,000)	-	-	-	_	-	(100,000)		
,				, , ,						, , ,		
Total other financing uses	1,000,000	-	-	(100,000)		-	-	-	1,000,000	(100,000)		
Change in fund balance	\$ 1,102,300	2,529,099	\$ (497,100)	(1,239,753)	\$ 182,100	242,161	\$ 154,400	350,136	\$ 941,700	1,881,643		
Fund balance (deficit):												
July 1, 2018		(648,144)	=	1,957,108	_	152,850		9,951,208	_	11,413,022		
June 30, 2019		\$ 1,880,955	=	\$ 717,355	=	\$ 395,011		10,301,344	=	\$ 13,294,665		

Combining Balance Sheet - by Fund Type Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

			ecia			Capital				
		Reven	ue F	und		Fu	nds		_	<b>-</b>
		Municipal					Fire		Total	
		Retirement/ ocial Security	т.	rananartation	Comital Ducinata			Prevention and Safety	Nonmajor Governmental	
	30	Fund		Transportation Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Fund	G	Funds
Assets		i unu		i unu		i unu		i unu		i unus
Cash and investments	\$	607,447	\$	2,328,046	\$	709,408	\$	_	\$	3,644,901
Receivables:	·	,	•	,,-	·	, , , , ,	•		,	-,- ,
Property taxes, net		706,082		958		_		958		707,998
Intergovernmental		1,861		277,357		-		-		279,218
Total assets	\$	1,315,390	\$	2,606,361	\$	709,408	\$	958	\$	4,632,117
Liabilities Deferred Inflows and Fund Ba	ance	es								
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	97,424	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,424
Accrued payroll		-		37		-		-		37
Due to other funds		-		-		-		4,743		4,743
Total liabilities		-		97,461		-		4,743		102,204
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred property taxes		716,706		972		-		972		718,650
Total deferred inflows of resources		716,706		972		-		972		718,650
Fund balances: Restricted for:										
Transportation		-		2,507,928		-		-		2,507,928
Retirement benefits		598,684		-		-		-		598,684
Capital projects		-		-		709,408		-		709,408
Unassigned		-		-		-		(4,757)		(4,757)
Total fund balances		598,684		2,507,928		709,408		(4,757)		3,811,263
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,315,390	\$	2,606,361	\$	709,408	\$	958	\$	4,632,117

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Fund Type Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Sp Reven	ecial ue Fi	und		Capital Fu			
	F	Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund		Transportation Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Fire Prevention and Safety Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	1,467,380	\$	(77,166)	\$	-	\$	970	1,391,184
Corporate property		40.000							40.000
replacement taxes		12,628		4 200 245		-		-	12,628
Restricted state aid		-		1,389,245		-		- (00)	1,389,245
Interest		19,740		100,089		22,095		(23)	141,901
Total revenues		1,499,748		1,412,168		22,095		947	2,934,958
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:									
Regular programs		201,865		_		_		_	201,865
Special programs		223,056		_		_		_	223,056
Other instructional programs		48,502		_		_		_	48,502
Support services:		.0,002							.0,002
Pupils		121,975		_		_		_	121,975
Instructional staff		109,893		_		_		_	109,893
General administration		20,088		_		_		_	20,088
School administration		74,380		_		_		_	74,380
Business		162,001		_		_		_	162,001
Transportation		-		2,061,221		_		_	2,061,221
Operations and maintenance		132,659		_, -,		_		_	132,659
Central		10,531		_		_		_	10,531
Community services		2,522		_		_		_	2,522
Total expenditures		1,107,472		2,061,221				-	3,168,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		000.070		(0.40, 0.50)		00.00=		0.47	(000 707)
over expenditures		392,276		(649,053)		22,095		947	(233,735)
Other financing sources:									
Transfer in		_		-		100,000		-	100,000
Change in fund balances		392,276		(649,053)		122,095		947	(133,735)
Fund balance (deficit):									
July 1, 2018 `		206,408		3,156,981		587,313		(5,704)	3,944,998
June 30, 2019	\$	598,684	\$	2,507,928	\$	709,408	\$	(4,757)	3,811,263

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance
D						
Revenues:	ф	1 277 100	\$	1 467 200	\$	100 200
Property taxes	\$	1,277,100	Ф	1,467,380	Ф	190,280
Corporate property replacement taxes Interest		12,700		12,628		(72)
Total revenues		3,400 1,293,200		19,740		16,340
rotal revenues		1,293,200		1,499,748		206,548
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		201,400		201,865		(465)
Special programs		237,700		223,056		14,644
Other instructional programs		50,500		48,502		1,998
Support services:		,		-,		,
Pupils		116,500		121,975		(5,475)
Instructional staff		118,000		109,893		8,107
General administration		19,900		20,088		(188)
School administration		84,600		74,380		10,220
Business		82,400		162,001		(79,601)
Operations and maintenance		217,200		132,659		84,541
Central		11,400		10,531		869
Community services		8,100		2,522		5,578
Total expenditures		1,147,700		1,107,472		40,228
Change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	145,500	=	392,276	\$	246,776
Fund balance:						
July 1, 2018				206,408		
, -,				_55,.55	_	
June 30, 2019			\$	598,684	_	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance
		Duaget		Actual		variance
Revenues:	_				_	
Property taxes	\$	1,286,200	\$	(77,166)	\$	(1,363,366)
Restricted state aid		729,200		1,389,245		660,045
Interest		58,100		100,089		41,989
Total revenues		2,073,500		1,412,168		(661,332)
Expenditures: Current: Support services: Transportation		2,118,500		2,061,221		57,279
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(45,000)		(649,053)		(604,053)
Other financing uses:						
Transfer out		(1,056,000)		-		1,056,000
Change in fund balance	\$	(1,101,000)	=	(649,053)	\$	451,947
Fund balance: July 1, 2018				3,156,981	-	
June 30, 2019			\$	2,507,928	=	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues: Interest	\$ 7,900	\$	22,095	\$	14,195	
Expenditures: Capital outlay	250,000		<u>-</u>		250,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(242,100)		22,095		264,195	
Other financing sources: Transfer in	<u>-</u>		100,000		100,000	
Change in fund balance	\$ (242,100)	<b>=</b>	122,095	\$	364,195	
Fund balance: July 1, 2018			587,313	_		
June 30, 2019		\$	709,408	=		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fire Prevention and Safety Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	970	\$	970
Interest  Total revenues	 1,000 1,000		(23) 947		(1,023)
Total revenues	 1,000		947		(55)
Expenditures: Support services Operations and maintenance	50,000		-		50,000
	·				
Change in fund balance	\$ (49,000)	=	947	\$	(50,053)
Fund balance (deficit): July 1, 2018			(5,704)	_	
June 30, 2019		\$	(4,757)	=	

Schedule of Assessed Valuations Tax Rates Extensions and Collections

# Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Extensions and Collections Last Five Years

						Tax Year				
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Assessed valuations	\$	690,042,462	\$	713,142,191	\$	621,667,010	\$	596,328,334	\$	613,838,296
Tax rates:										
General fund:										
Educational accounts:										
Standard		3.6663		3.4185		3.1149		3.0233		2.8518
Special education		0.3173		0.3077		0.3546		0.3709		0.3259
Operations and main-										
tenance accounts		0.1029		0.1367		0.4639		0.4515		0.4480
Tort account		0.0846		0.0847		0.0828		0.0807		0.0792
Working cash account		0.0003		0.0001		0.0002		0.0008		0.0016
Fire prevention and		0.000		0.000		0.000_		0.000		0.00.0
and safety fund		0.0003		0.0001		0.0002		0.0008		0.0028
Debt service fund		1.0695		1.0310		1.0403		1.0844		1.0529
Transportation fund		0.0003		0.0001		0.4291		0.7095		0.7565
Municipal retirement/		0.000		0.000		00.		0 000		0000
Social Security fund:										
Illinois Municipal Retirement		0.1100		0.1059		0.1077		0.0725		0.0673
Social Security		0.1100		0.1059		0.1077		0.1064		0.1030
Total		5.4616		5.1907		5.7013		5.9007		5.6890
Tax extensions:										
General fund:										
Educational accounts:										
Standard	\$	25,299,334	\$	24,378,765	\$	19,364,000	\$	18,028,794	\$	17,505,440
Special education	Ψ	2,189,366	Ψ	2,194,338	Ψ	2,204,200	Ψ	2,211,781	Ψ	2,000,499
Operations and main-		2,103,300		2,134,000		2,204,200		2,211,701		2,000,433
tenance accounts		710,328		974,865		2,884,000		2,692,422		2,749,995
Tort account		583,831		604,031		515,000		481,236		486,159
Working cash account		2,060		713		1,030		4,770		9,821
Fire prevention and		2,000		713		1,030		4,770		9,021
and safety fund		2,060		713		1,030		4,770		17,187
Debt service fund		7,380,305		7,352,466		6,467,187		6,466,288		6,463,225
Transportation fund		2,060		7,332,400		2,667,849		4,230,949		4,643,686
Municipal retirement/		2,000		713		2,007,049		4,230,949		4,043,000
Social Security fund:										
Illinois Municipal Retirement		758,981		755,217		669,500		432,338		413,113
Social Security		758,981 758,981		755,217 755,217		669,500		432,336 634,493		632,253
Social Security		700,901		755,217		009,500		034,493		032,233
Totals	\$	37,687,306	\$	37,017,038	\$	35,443,296	\$	35,187,841	\$	34,921,378
Tax collection	\$	19,512,608	\$	36,366,104	\$	33,817,545	\$	34,764,041	\$	33,770,879
Percentage collected		51.78%		98.24%	_ <del></del>	95.41%	,	98.80%	)	96.71%
		01070		JJ.2 170		00.1170		00.007		30.1 170

# Schedule of Debt Service Requirements June 30, 2019

	Year Ending		Total	Total		Total Principal	
Total autotanding debt	June 30,		Principal		Interest		and Interest
Total outstanding debt	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	2,584,661 2,246,866 1,919,990 1,846,703 1,642,770 1,669,484	\$	4,298,067 4,382,186 5,043,456 5,113,729 5,317,630 6,022,816 6,068,890	\$	6,882,728 6,629,052 6,963,446 6,960,432 6,960,400 7,692,300
	2027		1,623,810 2,154,878		12,886,372		7,692,700 15,041,250
	2028		1,100,000		27,500		1,127,500
	2020		16,789,162		49,160,646		65,949,808
Accreted value adjustment			24,916,102		(24,916,102)		-
•		\$	41,705,264	\$	24,244,544	\$	65,949,808
Capital appreciation general obligation bond issue of							
December 16, 2002	2020	\$	548,292	\$	1,891,708	\$	2,440,000
Original amount \$17,722,524	2021		501,074		1,933,926		2,435,000
Interest rate 9.00%	2022		777,315		3,347,685		4,125,000
Paying agent: Chase	2023		711,810		3,413,190		4,125,000
			2,538,491		10,586,509		13,125,000
Accreted value adjustment		_	8,271,388	•	(8,271,388)	•	-
		\$	10,809,879	\$	2,315,121	\$	13,125,000
Capital appreciation general obligation bond issue of March 18, 2004 Original amount \$7,282,373							
Interest rate 9.00%	2020	\$	407,843	\$	1,217,157	\$	1,625,000
Paying agent: Chase	2021		351,640		1,178,360		1,530,000
			759,483		2,395,517		3,155,000
Accreted value adjustment			2,136,259		(2,136,259)		-
		\$	2,895,742	\$	259,258	\$	3,155,000

Oak Lawn-Hometown School District 123
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements (Continued)
June 30, 2019

	Year Ending June 30,	Total Principa	ı	Total Interest		Total Principal and Interest	
Capital appreciation general obligation refunding school bonds issue of October 15, 2007 (2007A) Original amount \$5,973,126 Interest rate 13.50% Paying agent: Amalgamated Bank	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 223,5 214,1 267,6 234,8 707,7 699,4 613,8 1,104,8	26 \$ 52 75 93 70 84 10 78	866,474 975,848 1,427,325 1,460,107 5,112,230 5,855,516 5,941,190 12,805,122 34,443,812	\$	1,090,000 1,190,000 1,695,000 1,695,000 5,820,000 6,555,000 6,555,000 13,910,000 38,510,000	
Accreted value adjustment		14,508,4 \$ 18,574,6	55	(14,508,455) 19,935,357	\$	38,510,000	
General obligation limited tax refunding school bonds of November 1, 2017 (2017B) Original amount \$5,675,000 Interest rate 4.00% - 5.00% Paying agent: Amalgamated Bank	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 610,0 935,0 970,0 1,010,0 1,050,0 1,100,0 \$ 5,675,0	- \$ - - 00 00 00 00 00 00	248,500 248,500 248,500 236,300 205,400 167,300 127,700 81,250 27,500	\$	248,500 248,500 248,500 846,300 1,140,400 1,137,300 1,137,700 1,131,250 1,127,500 7,265,950	
General obligation limited tax refunding school bonds of November 1, 2017 (2017B) Original amount \$5,105,000 Interest rate 1.77% - 2.85% Paying agent: Amalgamated Bank	2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 1,405,0 1,180,0 875,0 290,0 \$ 3,750,0	00 00 00	74,228 45,552 19,946 4,132 143,858	\$	1,479,228 1,225,552 894,946 294,132 3,893,858	